Israeli army bus attacked in Tyre

TEL AVIV (R) - A bazooka rocket and automatic weapons were fired Monday at an Israeli army bus outside the South Lebanese coastal town of Tyre but missed, the Israeli military command said. Israeli troops were searching the area for the attackers, the military command said. Earlier Monday the army said sappers dismantled a big time bomb in the central square of Sidon, north of Tyre. It was the second bomb in the city in as many days. A 20 kilogramme device blew up Sunday but caused no casualties. A number of suspects were detained in Sidon, the army

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Bahrain calls for end to Gulf war

BAHRAIN (R) - Bahrain's ruler Sheikh Isa Ibn Sulman Al Khalifa Monday called on Iran and Iraq to end the 29-month-old Gulf warthrough negotiations. "Those who are being killed are neighbours. Muslims and brothers," he said in an interview with the Saudi newspaper Al Yaom, carried by the official Saudi Press Agency. Witbout elaborating, he said Bahrain was increasingly concerned over attempts by outside powers to destabilise the Gulf. In 1980 Bahrain said it had foiled an Iranianbacked attempt to overthrow the regime. Bahraini Foreign Minister Sheikh Mohammad Ibn Mubarak Al Khalifa said Sunday night the Gulf countries regretted a recent statement by Syria, Libya and Iran which supported Iran. "We feel the Damascus statement did not help end the war," he said after a two-day meeting in Riyadh of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation

High-level talks to end hijack of Libyan airliner

VALLETTA (R) - Prime Minister Dom Mintoff took charge of negotiations Monday with uni-dentified hijackers holding 161 passengers on board a Libyan airliner at Luqa Airport. But there was still no sign that an end to the 16-hour seige was near and no indication of why the aircraft had been hijacked during a domestic Libyan flight. The Boeing 727 was surrounded by armed police and soldiers and the runways and perimeter tracks were blocked by military and police vehicles to prevent any repeat of an abortive attempt to take off Sunday night.

Paris to try Moroccan on drug charges

PARIS (R) - A clerk at the Moroccan embassy in New Delhi will be charged in Paris with possessing 15 kilogrammes of heroin after being arrested at Charles de Gaulle airport on Friday, police said Monday. They named him as Miloudi Fares, a Moroccan citizen who was in transit from New Delhi to London. Police said the drug. with a street value of 15 million francs (\$2.2 milion), was discovered in a briefcase.

Shchransky may be released before term

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet dissident Anatoly Sheharansky could be released from prison before serving out his 13-year sentence on charges of espionage, the official news agency TASS said Monday. But it warned that "noisy propaganda campaigns" in the West would not help his case and bitterly condemned appeals for his freedom from Western leaders.

38 killed in Mexico train mishap

MEXICO CITY (R) — At least 36 people were killed and 79 injured when a passenger train and a freight train collided and caught fire in northwest Mexico, police said Monday. Rescue teams said: more bodies were still pinned under overturned carriages. Police said some of the dead were burned beyond recognition in Sunday's crash near the city of Guaymas.

INSIDE

Malia boss rules from his prison cell, page 2 NCC proposes TV programme selection committee, page 3 Arens, page 4 Sterling jumps further, page 5 Mrs. Gandhi visits Assam mas-

sacre sites; page 6

Washington happy at choice of

government's investigation of the massacre of Palestinians in Beirut last September will take at least

an interview published Monday. Asaad Germanos, Lebanon's military prosecutor, told the English-language weekly magazine Monday Morning: "I am not working full-time on this investigation, but I am spending a lot of time on it, helped by ass-

one and a half month."

Libyan 'threat' to Sudan has receded, Shultz says

WASHINGTON (R) — Secretary of State George Shultz said Monday a Libyan "threat" to Sudan had receded and that Libyan leader Muammar Oadhafi "is back in his box."

directly reports that the United States had recalled four AWACS reconnaissance planes sent to Egypt to monitor Libvan air movements alleged to be directed tow-

ards Sudan But his remarks were a clear indication that the Reagan administration believed the problem had now eased.

"As far as we know the threat that was clearly present has rec-eded," Mr. Shultz said in a television interview. He said he did not want to give

details but the result was "that the president of the United States acted quickly and decisively and effectively, and at least for the moment Qadhafi is back in his box where he belongs."

Earlier Monday the defence and state departments refused to

ALGIERS (R) — Palestine Lib-

eration Organisation (PLO) lea-

ders were reported arguing Mon-

day at their parliament-in-exile

over the wording of a final res-

olution expected to reject an

American peace plan for the Mid-

dle East and endorse an Arab eff-

sometimes heated debates, said

PLO hardliners wanted flat rej-

ection of President Reagan's call

early last September for a Pal-

estinian homeland in association

with Jordan in the Israeli-

occupied West Bank and Gaza

But, in a two-hour address Sun-

day night to a closed-door PNC

political commission meeting

irman Yasser Arafat insisted on a

MOSCOW (R) — French Ext-

ernal Relations Minister Claude

Cheysson met Soviet leader Yuri

Andropov and Foreign Minister

Andrei Gromyko for nearly one-

and-a-half hours Monday before

Mr. Cheysson made no sta-

tement before leaving for Brussels

and gave no details of his talks in

But the official news agency

TASS said the two sides had dis-

cussed ways of increasing security

and cooperation in Europe, "inc-

luding proposals of the Soviet

Union for cutting medium-range

LONDON (R) -Britain's opp-

osition Labour Party put on a

show of strength Monday in a

campaign for an important by-election where surveys of voting

intentions showed its left-wing

candidate Peter Tatchell facing a

London's Docklands district of

Bermondsey, a Labour bastion for .

50 years, is moving towards the

centrist Liberal-Social Dem-

ending a visit to Moscow.

the Kremlin.

PLO Executive Committee Cha-

Sources at the 384-member

(PNC), now in a second week of tehood un

Mr. Shultz declined to confirm confirm reports that the four Airborne Warning And Control System planes were being pulled back from Egypt.

> Meanwhile, Egypt admitted Monday for the first time that the AWACS were in the country, but it maintained they were here solely for training purposes.
>
> Defence Minister Mohammad

Abdul Halim Abu Ghazala, asked by reporters about Washington reports that the planes would leave Egypt Tuesday after a mission to scan the Sudan-Libya border for signs of a Libyan military buildup, replied:

"The AWACS will not leave Egypt before Egyptian pilots complete their training on them." "We shall decide the date on which the training finishes," he

The commission meeting was

held to draft the PLO's formal

reply to all peace initiatives put

forward after last year's Israeli

wanted the PNC merely to say that

the Reagan plan, already rejected

by Israel, did not meet the Pal-

The sources said Mr. Arafat

They said he also called for a

clear endorsement of an Arab

plan, adopted at an Arab League

summit in the Moroccan city of

The hardiners, who have exp-

ressed reservations about this eff-

ort, were seeking to link the Fez

plan with a continuation of the

The plan has been widely int-

erpreted as granting Israel indirect

nuclear weapons on the basis of

The French minister, who arr-

ived in the Soviet Union last Wed-

nesday, made clear in talks with

Mr. Gromyko on Thursday and

Friday that he and his hosts dis-

agreed about the nuclear balance

TASS said Mr. Cheysson del-

ivered a message to Mr. Andropov

Monday from French President

Francois Mitterrand. The agency

gave no details of its contents but

said that at Monday's talks both

sides expressed the conviction

there were real possibilities for

U.K. Labour puts on show of strength

vassing ahead of Thursday's bal-

Labour spokesman David Frver

suggested at a news conference

that the returns showed Mr. Tat-

chell to be now fewer than 2,000

between Mr. Tatchell and its can-

didate, Liberal Simon Hughes,

was two percentage points.

The alliance said the margin

Veteran Labour Member of

votes ahead.

ocratic alliance, according to the Parliament Robert Mellish, who

Fez in mid-September.

PLO's armed strug

Cheysson meets Andropov, Gromyko

parity."

in Europe.

added. Last week Egyptian officials

more cautious stand.

invasion of Lebanon.

Palestine National Council estinian people's desire for sta-

contradicted a statement by President Reagan that U.S. and Egyptian forces were engaged in joint

The officials said the Americans were training Egyptian pilots on electronic equipment used by the Hawkeye, a less-sophisticated reconnaissance aircrast which

Egypt is buying. As tension built up in Khartoum and Washington over the reports of a Libyan threat to Sudan, Egypt insisted it had not asked for American help and said it saw no signs

of crisis. The Washington Post said Monday the AWACS planes would be pulled out by midweek and that the U.S. aircraft carrier Nimitz would return to its position off the Lebanese coast.

The Nimitz had earlier been patrolling in international waters n the Mediterranean near Libya.' But Sen. Henry Jackson, a Washington State Democrat and a member of the Armed Services Committee, said he expected the AWACS to be withdrawn from Egypt early this week unless there were new developments in the

recognition within its pre-1967

borders in exchange for the est-

ablishment of an independent

Palestinian state in the West Bank

The U.S. has asked the PLO to

The PNC was expected to give

recognise Israel as the price for

Mr. Arafat room to manoeuvre in

his cautious diplomatic approach

According to a close Arafat

On Sunday night a PLO spo-

kesman predicted the PNC would

endorse the Fez proposal as it now

stood. He added that those har-

an wave free to leave the PLO's

This appeared to be a warning

further development of Franco-

The Soviet Union has proposed

that its medium-range nuclear

missiles in Europe be reduced to

the level of those of Britain and

But Mr. Cheysson reaffirmed at

press conference last week that

his country's nuclear deterrent

could not be a subject for dis-

cussion at Soviet-American neg-

otiations in Geneva on medium-

Europe was upset by Soviet SS-20

missiles and it had to be restored.

Bermondsey with a majority of

11,756, caused the by-election by

resigning from the party in protest

at the increasing influence of its

Labour predicted the Liberals

would finish close in the Ber-

mondsey by-election but said the

difference between the two top

finishers would not be less than

near us. Close is 1,000 or 2,000

"They will not be anywhere

militant left wing.

1,000 votes.

He said the nuclear balance in

range weapons systems.

··· d with the

aide, non-implementation of the

Fez plan would drag the region

again "into the turmoil of war."

talking to the organisation.

o Middle East peace.

Executive Committee.

Soviet relations.

France combined.

PNC preparing verdict on Reagan plan

The Post said the AWACS aircraft were despatched at the request of Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak after Egypt had told the United States it had uncovered a plot by Col. Qadhafi to assassinate Sudanese President Jaafar Num-

eiri and his top aides. Col. Qadhafi has denied Sudanese claims that Libva was massing troops, armour and aircraft near its border.

Mr. Shultz said Col. Qadhafi had a long history of reprehensible behaviour and he expected the Libyan leader would continue to cause trouble.

"Our approach, I think, is to let him see that his options are limited and we know what's going on, and to conduct ourselves accordingly," Mr. Shultz said.

He said the United States would continue to oppose Libya's efforts to "destabilise" neighbouring

But he added: "The fact of the matter is that people are pretty well onto him and so I think he has been pretty well contained and he'll continue to be so."

to pro-Libyan Ahmad Jibril, lea-

der of the Popular Front for the

Liberation of Palestine-General

lly rejected the Fez plan as a "step

backwards" in a speech to the

The PNC meeting was also exp-

ected to decide to maintain PLO

contacts with the Egyptian gov-

ernment despite hardline hostility.

a PLO spokesman said. Any mee-

ting between Mr. Arafat and Egy-

ptian President Hosni Mubarak

would depend on these contacts.

Mr. Arafat would continue to be

end on Wednesday after sitting for

Tikhonov

in Athens

ATHENS (R) — Soviet Prime Minister Nikolai Tikhonov arr-

ived here Monday for three days

of talks with Greek leaders aimed

at improving industrial and eco-

nomic cooperation
Mr. Tikhonov's visit is the first

to Greece by a Soviet prime min-

ister and follows a visit to Moscow

in 1979 by the then Prime Min-

ister Constantine Karamanlis,

The PNC session is expected to

PNC last week.

its chairman.

Blizzards trap scores of motorists on main Beirut-Damascus highway however, and police sources said BEIRUT (R) — American and by storms still raging in the mou-

Italian troops trying to reach scores of motorists trapped in the snow-bound Lebanese mountains abandoned the attempt Monday because Syrian troops controlling the disaster zone refused to let them in.

THE SNOW DOESN'T LET UP:

The severe snow storms which started Friday night

At least 39 people have so far been found frozen to death on a bleak stretch of the main Beirut-Command (PFLP-GC), who who-Damascus highway in the worst natural disaster to hit Lebanon for

An unknown number are still stranded in the snow and Lehanese rescue teams are struggling to reach them.

A U.S. Marines spokesman said the Syrian army, which controls the worst affected part of the highway, had given permission for the Americans to try to rescue people by helicopter but not to come in by road.

PLO sources said the PNC But helicopters attempting to would shortly reshuffle the PLO's reach the scene were forced back Executive Committee, but that

An Italian spokesman said his

contingent, which has no helicopters, had also been told it could not enter the Syriancontrolled area. A convoy of nine U.S. assault

vehicles, big 17-tonne armoured troop carriers, and a smaller Italian group including a speciallyequipped tank, waited for several hours at the Lebanese Defence Ministry just outside Beirut while officers discussed what to do next.

The U.S. and Italian soldiers are in Beirut as part of a 4,800-man peacekeeping force.

The 115, spokesman said his Marines had also been told by Israeli forces manning positions along the highway that the road up to the disaster scene was imp-

assable. Lebanese rescue teams were on the road for the third day running.

30 more people had been dug out of the snow alive Monday. This brought the total rescued to about

continued to lash Jordan Sunday disrupting normal

life and the whole of the capital was covered in a

The sources said they had no reports of any more bodies being discovered. Twenty-three were found Sunday and 16 on Saturday. State radio said fog was hampering the rescue work.

The U.S. spokesman said the Marines had been asked to help in rescue operations in other areas of Lebanon and hoped to start out early Tuesday. They might still go to the scene of the main disaster if the political problems could be

The blizzards hit Lebanon, Svria, Jordan and Israel on Friday. On the Damascus highway, which runs through some of the highest mountains in the four countries. driving snow forced drivers to stop and quickly trapped their cars.

Mondale enters presidential race

Mr. Mondale, 55, who was vice

president under President Jimmy

Carter from 1977 to 1981, ent-

ered the Democratic race as the

He has a vast political org-

anisation, proven money-raising

ability and strong support from

organised labour and minority

acknowledged front-runner.

ST. PAUL Minnesota (R) -Former Vice-President Walter Mondale Monday entered the 1984 Democratic presidential nomination race, pledging to res-tore America to global leadership and sanity to the nation's nuclear policy.

Mr. Mondale, the third Democrat to declare himself a candidate, made the announcement in a speech to his home state leg-

1984 presidential primary season

opens. He said in his speech: "I seek the presidency to restore our global leadership."

now president of the republic. The visiting Soviet leader was greeted on arrival by Socialist Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou and his entire cabinet.

Strict security measures were imposed at Athens Airport and along the 10kilometres route to the city centre, which was lined by several thousand people, mostly members of the youth branch of the Greek Communist Party.

Talks begin later Monday and are expected to cover a wide range

There are signs that Greek officials want to find a way out of what they see as excessive dependence on the European community for farm produce markets and project financing.

islature in Minnesota. The campaign for the nomination has a year to go before the

nation towards "sanity" in the nuclear arms race by seeking a nuclear freeze agreement with the

He said he intended to point the Soviet Union and ratification of the strategic arms limitation treaty groups as a leader of the opposition party's liberal wing. His announcement had long been scheduled and served chiefly to energise the Democratic race by giving his large field of rivals a

target to aim at. Besides Senators Alan Cranston of California and Gary Hart

of Colorado, who have already declared their candidacies, he will face competition from exastronaut Sen. John Glenn of Ohio, Sen. Ernest Hollings of South Carolina, former Governor Reubin Askew of Florida, and possibly Sen. Dale Bumpers of

Since Sen. Edward Kennedy quit the contest on Dec. 1, Democratic preference polls have shown Mr. Mondale leading his nearest rival, Mr. Glenn. by two to

He will be under fierce pressure to hold that lead and avoid damaging mistakes in the full year that remains before the first 1984 presidential primary elections.

Mr. Mondale said he would help restore unity to a divided nation policies.

and fairness to economic recovery He renewed charges that other

nations discriminated unfairly against U.S. products while dumping goods on American markets. "I offer a presidency that pro-

motes exports agressively, tears down barriers to the sales of our services, and insists that our trading partners open their markets as wide to us as we open ours to them," he said.

committee that according to his

information the coup was planned

for June 1980 and involved up to

10,000 men in the 240,006-strong

Mr. Narasaki said the aut-

horities covered up the coup att-

empt for fear that top officers

would have to be disciplined if it

was made public and that this

would adversely affect the cou-

He quoted his sources as saying

that about 120 officers and men,

armed services.

latest returns from doorstep canwon the 1979 general election in votes," Mr. Fryer said. Beirut's inquiry into massacre needs more time

BEIRUT (R) — The Lebanese another month and a half to compiece, the official in charge said in

istants...l am asking for at least

"Lebanese Forces" rightist militiamen had carried out the massacre in Sabra and Shatila

The commission severely criticised several senior Israeli officials for allowing it to happen, including Defence Minister Ariel Sharon who resigned on the commission's recommendation.

But in Lebanon itself the question of who carried out the mas-. sacre has been a political taboo.

The "Lebanese Forces" are the most powerful private army in

declared earlier this month that men from the Falangist Party, which is led by the father of President Amin Gemayel.

The militia has repeatedly denied any involvement and their Muslim and lefitst opponents have publicly concentrated blame on Israel.

Mr. Germanos said that the Lebanese government was theoretically not the competent authority to make an inquiry, since Sabra and Shatila were under foreign occupation.

'In spite of this and despite the An Israeli judicial commission Lebanon and are dominated by fact that many of those who were

killed were in Lebanon on an illegal basis, President Gemayel ordered an inquiry."

He said people should remember the difficulties his investigations faced when they sta-.rted on Sept. 24, six days after the massacre was discovered.

"The smoke was still there, we were walking in the mud, but we still made a preliminary inquiry," he said. "Let them stop comparing us with other inquiry commissions who sat behind their desks and had all the means at their disposal. Let them give us more time."

Short-circuit' caused Turin cinema fire

already negotiated but shelved by

TURIN (R) - Investigators probing a cinema fire which killed 64 people eight days ago, said Monday they had found strong evidence the blaze was caused by an electrical short-circuit. Police initially thought the fire.

which destroyed the Statuto Cinema in the centre of Turin, may have been the work of arsonists but this was quickly ruled out.

Francesco Marzachi, one of the magistrates involved in the investigations, said experts had not finished sifting through the wreckage but had examined wiring they believed was to blame.

"At the moment we have no evidence to suggest that the fire was caused by anything other than a short-circuit," he said.

The cinema manager was charged with multiple manslaughter after the fire, the worst in Turin's post-war history, for failing to ensure all the emergency exits Mr. Narasaki's allegation to be functioned. totally groundless.

Opposition charges Tokyo suppressed coup report Mr. Narasaki told a lower house

TOKYO (R) - A Japanese opposition member of parliament said Monday that the country's armed forces plotted to overthrow the government in 1980 with a coupthat was to involve dropping napalm bombs on the crime minister's office.

Yanosuke Narasaki, a member of the small New Liberal Club, said in parliament that sources in the country's self defence forces had told him the conspiracy was detected in advance and aborted. He demanded to know if this was

correct. Chief Cabinet Secretary Masaliaru Gotoda said in reply that the government would investigate his claim although it did not bel-

ieve it. Japa national police agency said at a tress conference that it had no knowledge of any coup attempt, while the defence agency said that its inquiries so far showed

including instructors, received lenient punishments and were sent to unimportant posts. Mr. Narasaki said the plot inv-

ntry's defence setup.

olved dropping napalm bombs on the prime minister's office, seizing the parliament building and the offices of the Japan Broadcasting Corporation and political parties. Martial law would then be declared and the head of a provisional government named, he said.

Jailed mafia boss can rule from prison

By Michael Sherdian

OTTAVIANO, Italy - Of the 20,000 people in Ottaviano, only the local priest talks openly about Italy's most feared gang boss. Don Raffaele Cutolo.

Questions about Cutolo, selfstyled folk bero and imprisoned head of the "new organised Camorra," or Naples mafia, run into a wall of silence.

Thousands may march in Naples and trade unions may strike against the mob, but there are no demonstrations and the shops remain open in Ottaviano where Cutolo's writ is law. The mob.

people say, does not exist here. Cutolo, 43, is serving sentences currently totalling 24 years, but police say this poor town on the slopes of Mount Vesuvius 12 miles

(19 kilometres) from Naples remains his personal fieldom.

Prosecutors also say Cutolo can run the Camorra from his cell, ordering murders and criminal operations through his lieutenants as he fights rival clans for underworld power.

Investigating magistrate Gennaro Costagliola, in a recent indictment of Cutolo and 150 alleged gang members, said Cutolo wie-lded "absolute and despect-"absolute and despotic power" over squads of ext-

ortionists and killers in the area. The indictment paints a picture of the old mafia-style shakedown transformed into big business dealing in drugs, smuggling, extortion and illegal building bringing in an annual income of around \$150

But here in Ottaviano, the only man to speak openly about the gang boss is the frail, grey-haired parish priest who saw him come to church as a child.

"I knew him as a little boy, coming to mass with his father. His family were nicknamed 'the nuns' because they used to work on land owned by a convent." Father Luigi Saviano said in the back room of his small church.

Unlike his parishioners, he says openly that the Camorra exists. and he has no time for Cutolo. "He has brought shame on this town," says Father Saviano.

"The Camorra has always existed in one form or another. The status quo has made young people distrustful of the state -- they have seen their parents and gra-

ndparents go hungry. There were lawless bands in the area for centuries and the Camorra is just the latest. It's a product of the past."

But Cutolo, who poses in court as an elegant man of honour, poet, philosopher and Robin Hood rolled into one, has brought a new round of savagery to the region that claimed well over 200 lives

An example of Cutolo's influence came when local officials. allocated \$100,000 in relief money after a 1980 earthquake devastated the region, chose not to pass it on to the priest to repair his damaged church.

Instead they gave the money to repair Cutolo's headquarters, a rambling old fortified villa which eyewitnesses said had been hardly touched by the tremor.

The regional government had to step in to make sure the funds were redistributed to those who

The indictment pieced together by investigating magistrate Costagliola over a 14-month period is mostly concerned with murder and mayhem in the war between rival Camorra clans for control of

But it also alleges that Cutolo helped Italy's security services to free Christian Democrat politician Ciro Cirillo after his kidnap by Red Brigades urban guerrillas in

the Naples area underworld.

Mr. Cirillo was head of regional town planning in charge of rec-onstruction after the 1980 earthquake. He was released unharmed after an undisclosed ransom was paid to his kidnappers.

The Italian media has described the case as a state surrender to Camorra gangsters and the Red Brigades.

'Hottest new thing in aesthetic surgery'

By Eugene Emory

Reuter PROVIDENCE, Rhode Island -With a thousand dieting books. crowding the shelves and keep-fit

classes doing booming business. plastic surgeons have come up with a new way to get rid of unsightly bulges.

Vacuum the fat away.

"It's the hottest new thing in aesthetic surgery." said Harvey Baumann. a plastic surgeon in Providence and one of about 100 doctors across the country who have begun performing the ope-Although Dr. Baumann and

other doctors stress that the technique is not a substitute for dieting, it does get rid of the so-called "love handles" -- pot bellies and collections of fat that some successful dieters seem unable to

"The operation is essentially

safe and essentially effective." lege of Medicine in Houston.

But Dr. Fredricks, who chaired a panel that investigated the technique for the American society of plastic and reconstructive surgeons, says adamantly:

"It is not a treatment for obesity under any circumstances. It is for young people who have genetic fat

About 500 such operations area. have been done in this country over the past five years.

In the operating room. Dr. to break up the fat cells and numb cover it. the nerves in the area. Then he inserts a stainless steel tube through a small incision.

Gripping the fatty area with one recuperation. hand, he forces the tube through

Eventually, the fat is laced with said Simon Fredricks, professor of tiny tunnels. Dr. Baumann then plastic surgery at the Baylor Colpushes down, collapsing the tunpushes down, collapsing the tun-

The operation is not recommended for people over 40 because their skin is less likely to

shrink back In addition to the risks of anesthesia, the technique can produce bleeding, infection, collections of lymph under the skin, wavy skin or a loss of sensation in the treated

Done badly, the operation can damage blood vessels and nerves. It costs between \$1,000 and Baumann first injects a special - \$3,000 plus hospital expenses fluid throughout the region of fat and most insurance policies do not

> The method, explained Dr. Baumann, takes only a day and the hospital requires two weeks of

Traditional surgery to remove the fat and vacuum-like device bulges leaves a long scar and reqattached to the tube draws it in. uires two months of recuperation.

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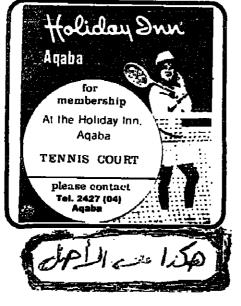
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ECMENEWS

Swiss trade team admires fertiliser facilities in Aqaba

economic delegation, currently visiting Jordan, arrived in the city of Agaba Monday and toured the chemical fertiliser plant complex. It also discussed with the plant manager areas of possible cooperation between the two countries especially in the fertiliser

The delegation was briefed by the plant manager on the significance of this very viable economic project in terms of the local. Arab and international market, He also talked about the processing of raw materials and the transformation of them into fertiliser and other chemical compounds; and ways of marketing fertilisers in the importing cou-

The guest delegation toured the plant where it saw the man-

part by the British government.

various types of soil.

Seminar reveals danger

of clay soil construction

AMMAN (Petra) - The seminar covering construction on thick clay

soil and the damage done to low-rise buildings built on it, organised

by the Building Research Centre (BRC) of the Royal Scientific

Society (RSS) in cooperation with the British Building Research

The seminar, which was opened by Public Works Minister Awni Al

Masri at the Yarmouk University liaison office Sunday, will discuss

the results of the joint Jordanian-British research with the aim of

improving the foundations of buildings constructed on thick clay soil.

elopment and expansion of construction throughout the world, and

the substantial increase in the size of buildings have created num-

erous structural problems which have resulted in damaged buildings.

the most notable of which in this context has been the cracking of walls and distortion of floors. This should in turn prompt us to review

the methods used in the construction of foundations on various types

Concluding his speech, Mr. Masri expressed the hope that coo-

peration in this field and in other areas of engineering would continue

between the BRC and the BRE, after this first very successful joint

venture. Teams from the two centres worked for four years to come

up with this valuable study, he said, which was financed in the greater

The joint study covered several topics, including research on soil

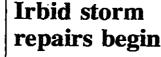
and rock layers, defining the areas of the thick clay soil, drawing up geological maps describing it, and studying the characteristics of the

Mr. Masri said at the beginning of the seminar that the dev-

Establishment (BRE), will resume its meetings Tuesday.

AQABA (Petra) - The Swiss ufacturing, and maintenance operations in ful! swing. It then visited the Aqaba port area where the loading and unloading operations take place directly between the plant and the ships anchored in the harbour. The delegation then visited the Agaba port itself where it was briefed on the export and import of goods passing through the Aqaba port. It was also informed about the most important projects currently being implemented by the Ports Corporation as well as its future projected enterprises, and witnessed the modern methods being used in the storing of grain in the port's

> During the tour, which also included the phosphate plant, the members of the Swiss delegation said how impressed they were by the industrial progress achieved



IRBID (Petra) - The technical departments of the Telecommunications Corporation (TCC) and the Irbid District Electricity Company (IDEC) are continuing to work on the maintenance and repair of telephone and electricity lines damaged as a result of the bad weather conditions.

The emergency workshops of Irbid municipality are also continuing to clear the city's streets to make them fit for traffic. The emergency workshops are working round the clock and are equipped with the necessary equipment to clear the streets. Irbid Mayor Abdul Razzaq Tbeishat said.

In relation to the highways, the Irbid district public works directorate, in cooperation with teams from the Armed Forces continue to work to clear the roads in the Ajloun and Jerash districts.

The Irbid Governate Health Director Mu'in Al Ghoul bas said that the general health situation in the governate is good, and that no accidents have occurred as a result of the rain and snowfall. He said all hospitals and health centres throughout the governorate have been supplied with the necessary medical resources to cope with any possible emergency cases.



Members of the National Consultative Council listen to one of the debates which resulted in the passing of

nine more articles in the draft traffic law (Petra

Alia attends tourist fair

PARIS (Petra) - Jordan has participated in the international tourist fair opened in Paris Sunday by the French Minister of Tourism.

Jordan was represented in the fair by Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, which organised a special

with which tourism is regarded in Jordan, and the progress achieved by Alia in this regard. Pictures of Jordan's tourist sites and pamphlets showing the country's progress in all fields were also exh-

UNEP team arrives for talks

AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation from the United Nations Environment Programme(UNEP) arrived here Monday for a threeday visit to Jordan during which it will meet a number of officials responsible for environmental matters.

The delegation will meet Tuesday with the Under-Secretary of the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment and a number of officials from the National Planning Couneil to discuss ways of enhancing cooperation with Jordan.

The delegation will raise a number of specific ideas on environmental development so that it can keep pace with Jordan's economic and social development programmes. The delegation includes Saleh Osman. regional director of the UNEP, and Na'im Qaddah, adviser of the executive

NCC proposes television schedule selection committee

By Lamis Andoni Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — In its regular session Monday the National Consultative Council (NCC) approved nine more articles of a draft traffic law which has been under discussion for the last five consecutive sessions, and proposed the formation of a television programme selection committee.

The articles passed Monday covered regulations with regard to mass passenger transportation and registration feek.

The council also discussed and endorsed recommendations. submitted by its Social and Educational Committee, relating to the choice television programmes. The recommendations came as a response to a suggestion by 12 NCC members to cancel certain television programmes which "are hostile to Jordanian traditions and culture". The council's Social and Educational Committee called for: the production of educational programmes with the aim of "strengthening the national identity of our citizens"; the objective documentation of the Jordanian culture, the protection of "the Arab nationalist basis" in the selection and making of television pro-grammes. The committee also proposed the formation of a specialised national committee "to control everything related to the history and culture of Jordan" and to select programmes to be shown

The committee's recommendations led to a debate on the Jordanian information policy. NCC member Leith Eshbeilat pointed out that there is actually an appointed higher committee

on television.

for programmes which should control what is shown on television." "Why didn't the committee attend the council's Social and Educational Committee when they discussed the issue? I wonder if the higher committee for programmes carries out its job at all', Mr. Eshbeilat said. He added that the committee, and not only the Ministry of Information, should bear responsibility for the sercening of bad programmes on television. Jordanian television is a

governmental institution and falls under the jurisdiction of the Information Ministry, but the Minister of Information, Adnan Abu Odeh, was not able to attend

Monday's session due to ill health. NCC Member Amin Shkeir said that the core of the question does not lie in the choice of the programmes but is instead a matter of laying down the basic principles of Jordanian information policy in a way that serves" the strengthening of our Arab nationalist belonging." Finally, Mr. Taher Hikmat suggested that the council should discuss in detail at a future session Jordan's information policy. The council supported Mr. Hikmat's proposal.

The most controversial of the nine articles of the draft traffic law was article number 61 which states that "the Central Traffic Committee may request the owners of trucks or medium size public passenger vehicles operating on the same route to merge into one company if these trucks or vehicles are owned by more than one person".

The article also empowers the Minister of the Interior to revoke the licenses granted to these companies and individuals if the mer-

ger is not affected within the period fixed by the committee provided this period be no less than three months.

Some members objected to the idea on the grounds that the mergers might jeopardise the interests of the most successful company.

The article was approved by the council provided that the Central Traffic Committee is able to justify the enforcement of the mergers of these small companies and if the public interest requires

Among other important articles: that were passed on Monday's session were the following:

-- If a public transponation car property is sold by its owner who happens to be exempt from teg. istration fees to another who is not exempt, then the new owner must pay the registration fees in full

Medium sized public passenge vehicles are prohibited from operating on any of the routes in o outside the Kingdom without prior permission. This also apple to service taxi companies.

- Ten per cent of revenues & lected from vehicle maintenage and examination fees are to beat ocated for employees of the nuntenance and vehicle examinating department at the Traffic Dr.

-- Forty per cent of the culic licensing fees should be alloca to the municipalities and vill

 Diplomatic and consular or drivers should be exempt for driving licence registration fee The discussion of the draft m ffic law will continue next Nice



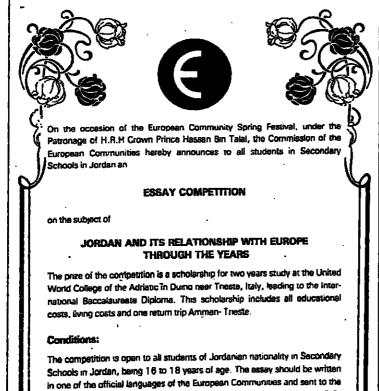
(Petra photo)

Three-week accountancy course starts

AMMAN (Petra) - A course in clementary accountancy to help train employees from a number of Jordanian companies and institutions began here Monday. The aim of the course is to simplify accountancy techniques and to provide employees, managers. and heads of sections in these companies and institutions with the basic information which could help them understand budget tab-

les, balance sheets and reports. Specialised accountants will lecture during the course, and 19 employees from several Jordanian companies and institutions will participate in the three-week cou-





Delegation of the Commission of the European Communities in Amman, P.O.

it should be accompanied by a registration form, which is available from the headmaster of each school, and which must be filled in by the student and the

The Delegation of the Commission

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In Washington, confusion is politics

CAUSE Ariel Sharon was seen as "inton using bullying tactics" against the billed States, and after careful study of merican policy goals, the Reagan admstration "tentatively" decided, "even fore the release of the Israeli report on massacre of Palestinian civilians in Bearut," that the inquiry's best result would be one that toppled Mr. Sharon. bile enabling Mr. Begin to retain power. You would think the above were a Holwood script had it not been written by a ashington Post's diplomatic corspondent recently. The whole article, adlined U.S. Happy at Choice of Arens nd reprinted on this page today), calls comment, however, not because it is by r. Goshko but mainly for the striking ilarity between what Washington

s and American writers believe. e know that Mr. Goshko does not nec-Fily speak for the White House and his s may only reflect his own or his newper. But when he says U.S. officials ard Gen. Sharon's replacement by frael's Washington Ambassador) Moshe

Arens as a positive sign, there is no reason to doubt that that is exactly what officials of the Reagan administration really think.

This could not have been the thinking of those who authored the Reagan proposals of Sept. 1 and who could not have noticed that big a difference between the Israeli prime minister and his defence chief then. Or have times changed from where peace was a "winner", to "Kahan's report would be sufficient to finish off Begin's political career," to where we are now: Arens will be softer than "the unstoppable Arik" on Lebanon?

It is funny how, as he was packing up in Washington, the new defence minister wasted no time in charging that "some" U.S. officials were trying to kick Israel in the teeth, so soon after the joint venture in

The Americans might prefer to call this confusion politics, but it is not, and they should seriously start thinking about a better performance for the Middle East. So far, their policies have not been more than an exercise in political futility.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Lebanese deadlock shakes Arab confidence in U.S.

Regardless of the optimistic statements that are periodically made concerning the Lebanese-Israeli-American talks, seventeen rounds of negns have taken place and still their objectives istant. The Israeli forces remain on Lebanese

and the Israeli negotiator systematically manates the negotiations, enhanced by the Israeli al divisions to bl ntive progress.

Israel is working hard, in league with its conderate Saed Haddad, to create new "facts" in outhern Lebanon and to ensure that its presence remains a necessity, while also impeding the Leb-

anese government's efforts to regain sovereignty over the whole of Beirut. Inter-Lebanese factional hostilities are thus encouraged and nourished throughout Lebanon, to make the job increasingly

difficult for the Lebanese central authorities. The U.S. mediator instead of its partner role in the negotiations leaves Israel with a free-hand toact as it likes. If such is the American position, with all the alleged interest it professes in the Lebanese crisis, what can the Arabs expect the U.S. role to be when, or rather if, any future negotiations on the occupied Arab territories under American auspices take place?!

Sawt Al Shaab: PNC shows rejectionism to be redundant

The dialogue that has taken place within the Palestine National Council (PNC) meetings is of note to Arabs in general, and the Palestinians in parricular, especially those living under the Israeli occ-

Many of the former spells of extreme nationalism are being broken through the medium of discussion. In response to the extremist demands made by the rejectionist Palestinian leaders at the PNC, the council's spokesman Ahamed Abdul Rahman pointed out that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) is not ready to commit suicide by resorting to the extremist's slogans.

As for the rejectionist Arab states, they were quite satisfied to watch the Palestinians being killed in Beirut, Abdul Rahman said, and the arms promised to us by Libya never arrived, he added. To

the same effect, the second PLO leader Salah Khalaf said those who have tirelessly propagated rejectionist ideas are continuing to resort to outmoded

tools to tackle an ever-changing situation. PLO leader Yasser Arafat was quite direct when he stated that the PLO was seeking peaceful political and diplomatic alternatives after it became evident that the Arabs had no stomach for war, and because a million and a half Palestinians living in the West Bank and Gaza desperately want a peaceful settlement to materialise.

The old rejectionist game is no longer acceptable, as the Palestinians have gained nothing from it. Indeed the Beirut experience has shown that all that extravagant rhetoric amounts to little in the real world of practical action.

U.S. happy at choice of Arens

By John Goshko

U.S. officials regard the choice of Moshe Arens, Israel's ambassador here, to replace Ariel Sharon as defence minister, as a positive sign hat the impasse over withdrawing Israeli troops from Lebanon can pe resolved without a U.S.-Israeli

That assessment seems outwardly at odds with Mr. Arens' mage as a hard-line Israeli natonalist in the mould of Mr. Begin. Vir. Arens has publicly opposed J.S. ideas about the nature of a chanon solution and President Reagan's broader peace initiative or resolving the Arab-Israeli con-

However, in the U.S. view, Mr. \rens believes that continued lose ties with the United States re a bedrock necessity of Israel's oreign policy and that, when frition arises, as in Lebanon, it is mperative to reach an accmmodation with Washington. That is regarded here as the cru-

ial difference between Mr. Arensnd Mr. Sharon. Within the admhistration, Mr. Sharon was seen 5 intent on using bullying tactics o force the United States into a osition of continuing to supply trael with arms while giving the wish state free rein to determine hat actions best serve Western

For that reason, even before the clease of the Israeli report on the tassacre of Palestinian civilians in eirut. U.S. officials had carefully



weighed the possible effects on American policy goals and had concluded tentatively that the best result would be one that toppled Mr. Sharon, while enabling Mr. Begin to retain power.

Front-runner

Now, at a time when events appear to be moving in that direction, the emergence of Mr. Arens with the defenceportfolio-a position that would make him the front-runner eventually to succeed Mr. Begin--fits this best-case scenario of U.S. pol-

No one in the administration is under any illusion that the change

will lead to a breakthrough on a Lebanon agreement. The expectation is that the turmoil unleashed within Israel by the report will set matters back by several weeks.

Last week Mr. Arens, while stressing that the United States and Israel have a common objective in Lebanon, warned in an interview that his government intends to press its demands in the Lebanon negotiations and stressed that reaching an accord "is going to take time.

Still, the U.S. hope is that the removal of Mr. Sharon's dominant presence from the Begin cabinet will produce a new power centre there, focussed on Mr. Arens and the foreign minister, Mr. Shamir, whose views parallel those of the ambassador, and that they gradually will nudge Mr. Begin toward coming to terms over Leb-

In the administration and in diplomatic quarters, the reviews on his performance have not been particularly favourable. His most effective moments have come during periods of acute tension when his articulateness has made him an

impressive spokesman. But, while Mr. Arens has said many times that he wanted to improve "communication and understanding" between Washington and Jerusalem, most observers feel that he usually has had the opposite effect.

--From the Washington Post.

The tone is unchanged

By Rami G.Khouri

If it is true that individuals and societies are most honestly measured when they are subjected to physical stress and moral pressure, then this is a good opportunity to assess the current debate within Israel and thereby try to discern a pattern in the true flow of political power and sentiment in Israeli society. The Kahan Commission's report on the massacres in the Palestinian camps in Beirut has elicited considerable comment both inside and outside Israel, most of it of the moral variety. The report tried to assign individual responsibility for some of the events surrounding the massacres to several Israelis, civilians and military alike. The net effect of the report's publication, however, has been to gloss over individual responsibility and, rather, to pin the blame for the whole Lebanese war mess on the former defence minister, Ariel Sharon. It is this precise tendency that I think deserves examination, for it could tell us

quite a bit about political reality in Israel. The penchant in Israel for blaming Mr. Sharon for Israeli misdeeds in Lebanon is not so surprising. The conviction of United States Lt. William Calley, Jr. in 1971 of premeditated murder of 22 South Vietnamese civilians at Mylai in March 1968 is a similar case, where an individual was singled out for punishment for a deed, or a sentiment, that can only be fully explained by understanding the emotional base of the society from which that individual sprang. Neither Lt. Calley nor Ariel Sharon were innocent people wrongly blamed. But, I wonder, how much did these two people's societies and political establishments take advantage of their individual excesses and thus dump on their lone, if trigger-happy shoulders, a dose of moral scorn that is more appropriately borne by entire soc-

ieties and nation-states? One of the more interesting figures in Israel these days is the former Labour foreign minister, Mr. Abba Eban, who seems to become more reasonable with every step away from the reigns of power. His recently expressed views on the possible emergence of a future

By David Rogers

JERUSALEM - Apart from bri-

nging about a cabinet reshuffle,

Israel's inquiry into the Beirut

massacre of Palestinians could

have a more lasting political imp-

act by helping decide who will suc-

ceed Prime Minister Menachem

One result of the inquiry's fin-

dings was the entry of a new face in

the succession stakes -- Moshe

Arens, the man chosen to take

over from Ariel Sharon as defence

minister. A second consequence

of the traumatic episode was the

undoubted enhancement of the

reputation of another leadership

contender, Deputy Premier and

Conversely, the inquiry was a

blow to the political ambitions of

two other contenders, Mr. Sharon

himself and Foreign Minister Yit-

zhak Shamir, who were both cri-

ticised. The commission found

Mr. Sharon indirectly responsible

for the civilian deaths and rec-

ommended his resignation or dis-

Mr. Begin, 69 and in poor hea-

lth. shows no sign of stepping

down in the near future, but the

inquiry's report highlighted how

remote his leadership has become

and censured him for lack of inv-

olvement in crucial decisions. The

succession question has clearly

been a factor in some of the pol-

itical manoeuvring that has fol-

The possibility of an early ele-

ction, one of the options Mr.

Begin considered in the wake of

the report's publication, appears

to have receded. Some of Mr.

Begin's coalition partners fear

that they would lose Knesset (par-

liament) seats and want to avoid

early polls. The Labour opp-

osition, trailing badly in opinion

surveys, is also not keen to test the

electoral waters and the position

of its leader, Shimon Peres, is

Mr. Peres, whose personal sta-

nding in the surveys is low, has

indicated he may be prepared to

stand down if President Yitzhak

Navon agrees to take over the

lowed the inquiry.

shaky.

Housing Minister David Levy.

Jordanian, Israeli and Palestinian entities is the kind of reasonable Israeli view that one wishes would be expressed more often. Mr. Eban wrote a newspaper article in Israel last week in which he concluded: "Not a single aim of the war (in Lebanon) has been achieved. There is no security agreement (with Lebanon); no freedom from terrorist vio-

lence; no stability in Lebanon; по peace treaty; по потmalisation; no 'peace triangle' formed by Egypt-Israel-Lebanon; no eli mination of the PLO as a decisive factor in the diplomatic process; no disposition by the Arabs in Judea, Samaria (the West Bank) and Gaza to join the Camp David talks on the basis of the Begin government's interpretation (autonomy as a prelude to permanent Israeli rule). The only result that is permanent is the death of nearly 500 Israelis and the burden on Israel from thousands of other deaths. And this sordid fiasco is the direct result of a ministerial appointment; if Sharon had not been appointed, if Ezer Weizman had not resigned, if someone in the Likud leadership other than Sharon had been appointed to the defence portfolio, the peace in Galilee would have been assured either by a continuance of the ceasefire or through a limited operation confined to the 40kilometre belt of which Mr. Begin spoke in the Knesset on June 8, 1982.... The Sharon tenure has been more than a nightmare, for a nightmare does not leave any dead behind. The question is whether the arena, no longer dominated by a figure estranged from Israel's better traditions and vis-

was sad -- but brief." I have quoted this passage because I think it illustrates well the temptation to see Ariel Sharon as the aberration who poisoned the good name of Israel, rather than recognising that a phenomenon such as Ariel Sharon can flourish in Israel only because the soil is ripe for it. Mr. Eban would

say the prime minister generally

watches the succession rivalry

with amusement, But Mr. Begin

was reported to have been ann-

oyed by remarks by Mr. Sharon's

spokesman, Uri Dan, who said

defence minister will get him back

idea of a national unity gov-

ernment, which so far has not pro-

gressed beyond low-level bac-

kroom consultation, was launched

by Herut Party rivals to stop Mr.

Arens taking over the defence

been Israel's ambassador in Was-

hington. The 57-year-old pro-

fessor has never before held a cab-

inet post, and chaired parliament's

foreign affairs and security com-

mittee before his appointment as

Mr. Begin has long respected

his hawkish views and adm-

inistrative talents and tried once

before to persuade him to take on

Israel's second most powerful job.

The professor, an expert on aer-

onautics engineering, turned it

down on that occasion because he

opposed returning the Sinai Pen-

No softening

on occupied Arab land just as str-

ongly as Mr. Sharon did, and no

one expects his appointment to

result in any softening of Israel's

Mr. Arens has been active in

right-wing politics for decades. He

served in the Knesset (parliament)

and has many admirers in the

Herut (freedom) Party, the largest

meeting that was briefed on the

army's decision to send Lebanese

militia into the Beirut refugee

camps, the only minister to voice

fears about the risks was Deputy

vileged Serphardi (Oriental) Jew-

ish community and his concern for

social problems have gained him

considerable popular support. His

Mr. Levy's roots in the less pri-

At the fateful Sept. 16 cabinet

position on security issues.

in Mr. Begin's coalition.

Premier Levy.

He supports Jewish settlement

For the past year, Mr. Arens has

as prime minister."

portfolio.

ambassador.

insula to Egypt.

those who did not want Sharon as

There was suspicion that the

ions, will be liberated for Isr-

aeli and Zionist ideas that can

give our national life a sense of

purpose and inspiration. If this

happens, the historian will

write that Israel's nightmare

Sharon would go away, Israel could revert to its "better traditions and visions" and once again be a society "with a sense of purpose and inspiration". This is badly contradicted by the facts of history, and Mr. Eban, who writes very thick books on the history of his people, should be among the first to admit Israel routinely killed, bombed, occupied and ravaged Arab societies well before Mr. Sharon was defence minister. I suspect the ferocity of Israeli moral apologists these days is commensurate with the gravity of the crimes that their country and their people have committed in Lebanon. If Israelis believe they can cleanse their souls by demoting Ariel Sharon and then trumpeting the fact via the moralistic mumbo-jumbo uttered of elegant but intellectually erratic smoothies such as Abba Eban, then they have a great deal further to travel than they think to reach their better traditions and visions. There is no redemption in scapegoating, no moral comfort in passing the buck. These are elementary principles that should be the bedrock of nations with a "sense of purpose and inspiration."

All the evidence suggests clearly that Mr. Sharon and the Begin-led Likud bloc have the strong majority support of the Israeli people. Far from being an aberration of Israeli society, Ariel Sharon would appear more genuinely to be a symbol of it. The Kahan Commission's report has made the technical adjustment that is required by any self-policing democratic institution - Mr. Sharon has been demoted within the hierarchy of the government. and some senior army officers have been reprimanded. But underneath all this, the political tone of Israel appears to remain the same. A majority of Israelis clearly favours the hardline, strong-arm tactics of the Begin-Sharon-Eitan school. The people who produced one Sharon are capable of producing many others. This is the sad conclusion one draws from watching Israeli society deal with the aftermath of the Kahan Commission report. Sadder yet is that there is no inemation that the Arab political leaderships have a str-

head of state ends in May. Aides his vigorous denunciation of last

week's hand grenade attack on

leftists. Apparently because of

his conciliatory image, he was

chosen to represent the gov-

ernment at the funeral of the

"Peace Now" demonstrator killed

Mr. Levy is reported to have

played a determined backstage

role in ensuring that the inquiry's

recommendation to strip Mr. Sha-

ron of the defence portfolio won

cabinet backing. Although the

inquiry did not recommend any

action against Mr. Shamir, the

foreign minister was rapped for his

failure to follow up an early report

he received that the Falangists

were "slaughtering" Palestinian

Mr. Shamir got the report from

Communications Minister Mor-

dechai Zipori but said he was sce-

ptical about its accuracy because

of Mr. Zipori's personal feud with

Mr. Sharon. The inquiry found it

difficult to find a justification for

such disdain for information" that

came from a cabinet member.Mr.

Shamir's friendship with Mr.

Begin pre-dates Îsrael's sta-

tehood, and he has close ties to

Herut Party powerbrokers. But

his public standing has clearly

been dented by the inquiry, and be

was bitterly attacked by the Jer-

usalem Post for trying to delay

There have been persistent rep-

orts that Mr. Beging's loyalty to

Mr. Sharon has been shaken by

the way the former defence min-

ister battled to keep his job after

the unquiry concluded that he

should resign from government

for his indirect role in the Beirut

massacre. Mr. Sharon remains in

the cabinet as minister without

portfolio, but no specific job has

yet been assigned to him and he

appears to have lost his place on

powerful ministerial committees.

He has few friends in the cabinet,

which voted 16 to one for his rem-

oval from the defence ministry.

But he is viewed almost as a mar-

tyr by many ordinary Israelis, who

feel he was unfairly treated. The

fear among Mr. Sharon's opp-

onents is that he may one day exp-

loit this sentiment to make a pol-

implementation of the report.

civilians in the refugee camps.

in the attack.

A permanent fixture

By Sidney Weiland

VIENNA — The faces sometimes change but the arguments rarely shift in Europe's longest-running arms negotiations, a muted dialogue that has gone on for 10 years. Weary delegates see no quick prospect of breaking the deadlock that has persisted since 12 NATO and seven Communist nations began bargaining on the size of their armies.

While no reductions have been achieved, nobody is thinking of ending what has become the most permanent fixture - and one of the most complex - on the East-West arms control calendar. Both sides value the twice-weekly meetings as the only forum where NATO and the Warsaw pact meet formally at the same table.

Since negotiations started, the U.S. has changed its chief delegate four times, the Soviet Union three times, other countries more frequently. Some of the arms experts who first met in Vienna in 1973 have long since retired.

"At that time," a veteran recalls, "the pessimists were saying the talks would last three to four years at most." The deep suspicions that have dogged the negotiations were already evident when preparatory talks began in January 1973. The full conference opened in October that year.

For seven years, negotiations have been stalled over the size of Soviet bloc forces, with NATO accusing Warsaw pact govemments of falsifying their man-power figures. Rival plans for troop cuts have been fought over for months, then discarded. While agreement has been reached on broad guidelines, the numbers game has proved impossible to

The negotiations -- called "MBFR" by the West, for Mutual and Balanced Force Reductions
-- have a limited goal: To reduce conventional manpower and weapons in a heavily armed flashpoint area of central Europe which includes the two German states.

Both sides agree they should aim to cut ground and air forces to 900,000 for each alliance, with a ceiling of 700,000 for ground troops. How to get there is the pro-blem.

European anxiety

U.S. allies originally pressed the search for two-way cuts in hopes of heading-off pressure in the U.S. Congress for a reduction of the large American military presence

The calling of the Vienna con-

unilateral American cuts at that time. Now, Western European anxiety has flared again following renewed congressional attempts last year to reduce American forces in Europe, as part of a drive to trim military spending. NATO planners fear West Germany and other countries may be tempted also into unilateral cuts, to make similar savings. They believe this has sharpened the sense of urgency in Vienna.

Some Western officials admit they are more optimistic, and point to signs that both sides seem to be negotiating more purposefully than at any time in the

last two years.

By offering to pull out 7,000 more men than the U.S. as a first step, the Soviet Union has conceded that it enjoys ground force superiority, but not as much as the

NATO says a breakdown of Communist forces tabled by the Warsaw pact understates the real figures by about 160,000 men. In its latest proposal, the Warsaw pact has suggested the super powers set a "mutual example" by making token reductions, then freezing remaining forces pending further negotiations.

Communist diplomats say this could involve 20,000 Soviet and 13,000 U.S. troops, and could be completed in one to two years. The West says the scheme is impractical because there is no agreement so far on the size of Warsaw pact forces.

Soviet bluff

According to NATO, the Communist alliance has about 960,000 ground troops instead of the 805,000 admitted to by the Warsaw pact. NATO strength in the area is about 800,000. Air force totals, less than 200,000 each, are not in dispute.

A U.S. delegate says the mutual example idea is à Soviet bluff. " All they want is the appearance of reductions," he says. Last July, NATO offered a linked four-stage reduction schedule, spread over seven years, guaranteeing eventual cuts by all 11 countries with troops in central Europe. The first stage would involve 30,000 Soviet and 13,000 U.S. ground troops. The guarantee was given to satisfy Communist demands for a binding commitment to stem the growth of the West German army, with 335,000 men the biggest in Westem Europe.

Warsaw pact negotiators have scorned the plan, but have not rejected it outright. They contend it is not watertight enough and ignores Soviet demands that arm-

LETTERS

Take another look

I read, with interest, the guest commentary by Linda Layne reg-

females may, in large numbers, marry before the age of eighteen. Males marry so young in much smaller numbers. Indeed, I'm still waiting to meet the Arab male who married at 14 or 15. The rule of thumb seems to be to marry a girl young enough to be of unassailable virtue to a man old enough to be economically or professionally established.

That this is highly valued in Western society, also, can be proved by the great acceptance of the marriage of the Prince and Princess of Wales: Accepted precisely because it followed the

school could well be because there are so very few their numbers are in consequential. The explanation for excluded married females: That they will

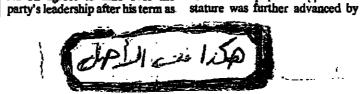
evocatively put. A school girl and a married woman are not neers even if the same age. The stress and challenge of establishing a marriage are great at any age, especially for the young. To keep them in a child's world, part of the day and in an adults world the all fields and for all ages and levels of competence.

older men seems odd to Western eyes at first, but within the broad context of a family-based, patriarchal society it appears to protect everyone's interest well, including the young bride.

cessful in protecting an adolescent girl from exploitation? Only a few years ago in a number of states pregnant teachers were exeluded from school on the grounds that they would be a bad influence on students. In the last two decades the social mores have changed to such a degree that we see, in the U.S., one million girls a year leaving secondary school to bear illegitimate babics with the only societal support being eligibility for welfare pay-

(As only females require medical prescriptions they would be the only ones "tattled on", not boys). None of this is either edifying or commendable. As a woman and mother of daughter $\bar{\mathbf{I}}$ would like to see my girls and all young girls begin sexual activity under the most optimal life circumstances. A loss of education is a serious sacrifice and should be prevented if possible. But to enter womenhood with honour, respectability, full social acceptance, economic security, the right to proclaim pregnancy early and obtain medical care, recognition as an adult in an adult situation is full compensation and an award that girls in the West are so of the t cruelly and bitterly denied.

P.O. Box 2902



Inquiry may help decide who's to succeed Begin

arding education for married women in Jordan (Jordan Times, Feb. 13). Many of her points were well taken but I ask her to take another look at what, on the surface, appears to be a gross ine-It has been my observation that in the traditional Arab culture,

The fact that married schoolboys are not required to leave

discuss intimacies with innocent schoolmales' is clumsily but other part is asking almost too much. Far better a solution to the loss of education in the ordinary school attendance is to broaden and increase the educational opportunities for married women in The cultural trait of arranged marriages of younger women to

Is the social system in America, for example, any more suc-

Five times that number obtain abortions. (These figures wire quoted in The Houston Chronicle, Sept. 1982). There is w legislation debated regarding whether government agenciespensing contraceptives to teenagers should "squeal" to their per-

Launa Haynes Diviney Amman



ECONOMY

Venezuela bans sale of foreign currency

CARACAS (R) — Venezuela Sunday night announced a ban on sales of foreign currency Monday and Tuesday because of a flow of capital out of the country.

A government statement said the decision followed a meeting of Venezuela's council of ministers which analysed "the capital flight

that has taken place recently."

Asked by reporters to elaborate on the government announcement, Finance Minister Arturo Sosa replied: "We are going to wait for the two days to pass."

Last week he ruled out a devaluation of the bolivar to improve Venezuela's balance of payments.

Venezuela, a member of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), has been hit by the world oil giut. But on Friday its oil minister, Dr. Humberto Calderon Berti, said Venezuela would

not cut prices and would strictly follow OPEC agreements. Sunday night's government decision followed Mr. Sosa's return from a tour of the United States and Europe, where he had talks on refinancing \$6.6 billion of Venezuela's short-term foreign debt falting due this year. The country's total public sector debt is \$18.5

Bankers in Frankfurt have said Venezuela's capital outflow was believed to be running at a rate of up to \$100 million a day.

Meanwhile, Venezuela has launched a "diplomacy offensive" to prevent a worldwide collapse of oil prices.

Several official missions, made up of top-ranking petroleum experts, are scheduled to leave this week on a campaign which will take them to 16-oil producing countries, including nearly all OPEC mem-

Gulf oil officials to map out strategy

BAHRAIN (R) - Oil ministers of the Gulf Cooperation Council are expected to meet in the next two days to map out a pricing and production strategy, Omani miniser of state for foreign affairs Mr. Yousef Al Alawi Abdullah was quoted as saying Monday.

Council foreign ministers met in Riyadh over the weekend to discuss the oil market situation in the wake of price cuts by North Sea producers and Nigeria.

But they decided to leave broader discussion to the oil ministers, Mr. Abdullah told the Qatari News Agency in Muscat on his return

from Saudi Arabia. Gulf oil analysts said the six council members -- Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Bahrain, Oman and

Qatar - would seek a joint response to last week's price cuts. The Guif analysts said Saudi Arabia now held the key to world oil prices but faced an agonising decision over whether to reduce its

tariffs, and if so, by how much. Other Gulf Cooperation Council members would be almost certain to follow any strategy proposed by the Saudis, the analysts said. Official sources in Jakarta said earlier Monday that Indonesia, another OPEC member, would also probably take its lead on pricing

from the Saudis. Meanwhile, Marc Nan Nguema, OPEC secretary general, arrived in Lagos Sunday for consultations with Mr. Yahaya Dikko, and current president of the conference.

In a statement broadcast Sunday, Mr. Dikko said: "Events of the last few days highlight the need to resume a dialogue within OPEC and to begin discussions with non-OPEC exporters on long-term oil prices.'

Overall value of sterling falls

LONDON (R) — The overall value of sterling fell Monday with its trade-weighted index plunging to a four-year low when the London money market opened following news that Nigeria had cut oil prices. dealers said.

The index, a basket of currencies of Britain's major trading partners with a 1975 base of 100, fell to 80.2 points from 80.7 at the money market close on Friday.

The pound fell to \$1.5375 at the London opening compared with \$1.5440 at the close on Friday, although it later showed signs of stabilising against the U.S. currency.

It opened at 3.6907 West German marks compared with 3.7011. The dollar also weakened in early European trading, especially against currencies of oil-importing nations such as West Germany

and Japan. The dollar opened at 2,3897 marks and 232,32 yen compared with

Friday's close of 2.3973 marks and 233.77 yen respectively. Dealers said expectations of an oil price war were fuelled by news of Nigeria's price cut of \$5.50 a barrel, the first public breach of price levels by a member of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

Britain cut its marker price for North Sea oil by \$3 a barrel to take it to \$30.50 a barrel last week.

Norway quickly matched the British move, with both countries backdating the new price to Feb. 1.

Money dealers said much of the early selling of sterling Monday appeared to emanate from Europe and came before the London market opened.

Andropov plans railway reform

MOSCOW — The iron road plays a vital role in the Soviet Union, with its buge land mass, barsh climate and primitive roads. But the railways' current state of disorganisation and overloading is also a major factor behind the enormous waste and inefficiency of the Soviet economy as a whole.

Improving the efficiency of the railways has become one of the top priorities of Mr. Yuri Andropov, the Soviet leader, who complained that the situation was deteriorating from year to year" in his inaugural speech to the central party committee last

November He followed this up a week later by sacking Mr. Ivan Pavlovski, the minister of raiwlays, and replacing him by his deputy, Mr. Nikolai

The Soviet rail system is the largest and most heavily used in the

It carries more than 10 million passengers a day and boasts nearly 143,000 kilometres of track, of which more than 30 per cent is electrified, with another 6,000 kilometres to be added by the end of the current five-year plan in 1985.

By then, the 3,600 kilometres long Baikal-Amur Magistral (BAM) railway in Siberia should also be completed after 11 years of

BAM will relieve pressure on the heavily overloaded trans-

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each aquare, to form four ordinary words.

TAFOO

THE BETTER HALF

Siberian line some 500 kilometres to the south and open up vast new mineral-rich areas of eastern Siberia for exploitation.

The Soviets claim that their huge network carries more freight than the rest of the world's railways combined and that freight transport will grow by a further 20 per cent in the current plan period to 3,950 billion tonnes/kilometre.

What these statistics do not say, however, is that millions of tonnes/kilometre are clocked up through irrational cross-hauls, that a high percentage of freight is either broken or pilfered en route, and that half the wagons in any given freight train are likely to be unusable because of damage.

Even those which are undamaged spend on average only 120 days in motion every year, and the rest of the time lie idle in

One of the most extraordinary of the Soviet railway statistics is that the total length of Soviet rail sidings, at 140,000 kilometres, is virtually equal to the length of the actual running track. Once shunted into the sidings, wagons can disappear for months or even

Sometimes this is through error or poor organisation.

Occasionally, the factor or farm concerned has inadequate storage facilities and keeps goods or raw materials in the wagons until they are needed.

By Harris

cars takes place on poorly maintained sidings during loading and unloading.

The problem of damaged wagons has now reached such proportions that factories throughout the country are being urged to set up their own wagon repair shops.

A typical case is that of the huge military and truck complex, Zil, whose general director, Mr. Valery Tsyakin, recently complained that at least half of the average train of flatcars or wagons were unfit for loading. "What can one do when there is

almost nothing left of a flatcar other than a metal skeleton, or when a wagon has one door missing -- or both -- and the hatches have been lost and much else besides?" be asked, plaintively. "Usually these broken wagons

Most of the damage to freight ' return to the railway and a vast number of such invalids roam the mainlines in search of a haven for repair," he added.

Mr. Tsyakin said that Zil had been routeinly repairing broken wagons out of its own resources for years, but was investing in new facilities to double its repair capacity and urging other plants to do the same.

Inefficiency is not always the fault of the railways themselves. Often, it is a reflection of shortcomings in other areas of the economy.

Rail experts calculate, for example, that every year they carry -sometimes over long distances -some 25 million tonnes of useless rock because the coalmines do not clean and sort coal before shipment. This figure, incidentally, also cats considerable, doubt on

the coal industry's claimed production figures. Nevertheless many of the rai-

lways' problems appear to stem from the same bureaucratic rigidities and illogicalities which characterise the Soviet system. Management of the railways,

far from being monolithic and centrally controlled, is highly fraemented. This process of splitting the railways into smaller and smaller territorial divisions is inc-

Thus, the overall network is now divided for managerial purposes into 31 separate railways, with no fewer than 185 divisions, according to Mr. Anatoli Raizberg, deputy director the Chelyabinsk division of the South Úrais Railway.

He described his own exp-

erience when the Orenburg division of the South Urals Railway was split into two new divisions the Orenburg and the Orsk.

Creation of the new division necessitated the construction of a new four-storey office block and housing for 250 bureaucrats. Before all this happened, trains would hardly even slow down as they passed Kuvandyk station.

Now that the station marks the dividing line between the two divisions, however, trains are regularly held up before moving across into another division.

Mr. Raizberg suggested that 15,000 bureaucrats could be given more useful jobs if the number of divisions was reduced by a third and the trains would run faster.

-- Financial Times news features

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, FEB. 22, 1983

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: An unusually good day and evening to obtain information you require that can lead to advancement in your line of endeavor. Take time to plan the future wisely.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Find a better way of handliing your responsibilities and they are soon behind you. Meet the expectations of loved one.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Discuss future plans with associates. Good organizational work is the key to success

now. Express happiness. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You can gain your aims

now if you schedule your time and activities well. Relax and be contented in the evening. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Take no risks

where your health is concerned at this time. Put a special talent you have to work. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Study new interests that

could prove profitable for you in the future. Take treatments to improve your appearance. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Set up a better system so

you can make more progress in the future. Be sure to spend your money wisely at all times today. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Study every phase of your

monetary affairs and find a better way of handling your finances. Be more self-assured. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Be more enthused in regular routines and make more progress. Take no risks

with your reputation at this time. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Contact a trusted adviser who can give you good ideas so that you can ad-

vance in career activities. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) A good day to concentrate on getting ahead in your line of endeavor. Strive

for increased happiness. AQUARIUS (Jap. 21 to Feb. 19) Keep busy and ac-

complish a great deal. Delve into civic work and gain more prestige. Be wary of newcomers.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Go to the right sources for important data you need. A new project needs more study before going ahead with it.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she 7/44 be one of those delightful young persons who will profit from discipline early in life. The talents here will start to express themselves gradually. Teach to be objective and give the benefit of ethical training.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Equities turned mixed in quiet trading after early weakness in response to the Nigerian oil price cut, dealers said. The F.T. index at 1500 was down 0.8 at 645.1.

The oil sector was weak on fears the Nigerian cut may lead to further sharp falls in prices, dealers added. B.P. fell 12p at 312 and Shell shed 5p at 438 while Britoil was down 5p at 50.

Government bonds closed above Monday's worst levels to show losses stretching to 1/4 point in longer dated issues with trading moderate as sterling held steady just below \$1.54 and in technical reaction to Friday's exhaustion of the treasury 101/2 pct Exchequer 1987 tap stock, dealers said.

Electricals were mostly firm with Plessey up 6p at 607 and GEC 2p higher at 206 after 208. Banks moved off the lows with Barclays down 7p at 438 after 436 and Lloyds off 28p at 450 after 448 ex dividend, while gold shares turned narrowly mixed.

The Glazo one-for-one stock split became effective Monday, opening at 670 after closing around 1,338 on Friday, before firming 10p to 680. Associated British Ports was up 8p at 145 while among the leaders, ICI was down 40 at 378 after 376. Australian shares eased as concern grew over the outcome of

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

2.3917/27 2.6420/35 1.9920/40 47.08/12 6.7800/50 1380.00/1381.00 232,90/233.05

7.3640/90

1.5385/95

1.2225/28

7.0430/80 8.4700/50 One ounce of gold 503.50/504,50

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

next month's federal election result following the opposition Labour Party's western state election success, dealers said.

Peanuts



he's Hanging Around THE CANDY STORE TRYING TO DECIDE WHAT TO GET ME FOR valentine's day..





Mutt 'n' Jeff









Andy Capp



THE Daily Crossword By Peter G. Share

ACROSS 13 Northumber 29 And, in land river Bonn 30 Slightly 24 Badge type 26 Combine — YU 60 Church open . 14 Author 28 June VIP 36 Spokes 38 Likenes 61 No. 22 of a Mäne 30 Org. of 15 Kind of group 83 Routine collar 16 Revive 39 18 and 61 Ne. 11 of a 64 Idoliza පුළුණු 32 iron නැත් 65 In the company of 66 Rosebud 18 No. 9 of a 43 Part of an 33 Take it act group

20 Portion of 44 Superlative for one easy Practice 67 Author

oxygen 23 Seraglio 25 10-armed parts 49 Attacks 51 Subway fare Yesterday's Puzzle Solved

45 Beatty

47 Circle

21 More

distant

22 Supply with

DOWN 3 No. 20 of a group 4 Respond 5 Rodc 6 Characte 7 No. 6 of a group 8 Literary collection 10 Den 11 Lioness

Anya

68 MIL awards

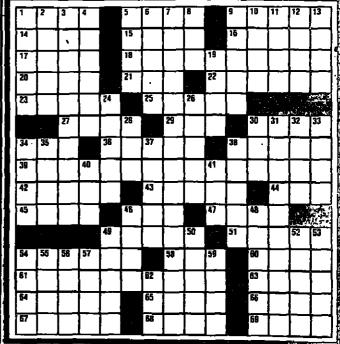
(supple ments)

Identical 48 Crude 49 Refuge 50 Short coat 52 Ms. Lauder 53 Require-ments 54 Turkish 55 Alphabel **56 Narrow** groove 57 Mackerel 59 Concern of bookies 12 Coagulate 62 Youth

for a bout 35 Escutche

Rolltops

38 Inactive



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NEPEC THOGTE THE FARE MIGHT NOT BE HEAVY NARREB Now arrange the circled letters to Print answer here: Jumbies: MURKY UNCAP VESTRY CARBON Answer: What there were a lot of when he fell through the ice—"CRACKS"

"I told Stanley I wanted to see some

tenderness . . . he showed me his hangnail!"

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob I see

Black African front-line leaders Peking less gather in Zimbabwe for talks

HARARE (R) - The leaders of black Africa's six "front-line" states gathered in Harare Monday to discuss the protracted Namibian (South West African) independence dispute and to formulate a common position for next month's Non-Aligned summit in New Delhi.

They were joined for their talks at the presidential residence in Harare by Namibian guerrilla leader Sam Nujoma, who said Sunday the war in the territory, ruled by South Africa in defiance of the United Nations, had reached a

Officials said they expected Angolan President Eduardo dos Santos to brief his colleagues on

tacts with South Africa.

The Angolan news agency ANGOP said Sunday that Angola would agree to a second round of talks with South Africa aimed at speeding Namibian independence and bringing peace to Angola's frontier with Namibia. The talks are expected to take place this week in the Cape Verde Islands. The front-line states are closely

concerned with the Namibia negotiations. They have all condemned attempts by South Africa. backed by the United States, to link Namibian independence with a pull-out of Cuban troops from

Angola.

The on-day summit was att-

ended by president Dos Santos. Julius Nyerere of Tanzania, Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia. Quett Masire of Botswana, Samora Machel of Mozambique and Prime Minister Robert Mugabe of Zimbabwe.

President Machel was expected to brief his colleagues on recent talks his country had with South Africa. The Socialist government in Maputo accuses the republic of running a guerrilla campaign aga-

All six nations charge South Africa with waging a war of destabilisation to keep its black neighbours economically dependent and back arguments that black rule does not work.

The six are expected to press their charges against South Africa at the New Delhi conference.

President Masire held bilateral talks with Mr. Mugabe before Monday's summit began, officials said, but gave no details.

Both governments are concerned that refugees from fighting between government troops and rebels in southwestern Zimababwe are crossing into Bot-

Zimbabwe fears dissidents may be seeking a haven from pursuing troops while the Gaborone government is anxious that genuine refugees are not denied hos-

Mrs. Gandhi visits massacre sites in Assam

GAUHATI, India (R) — Prime Minister Indira Gandhi flew to Assam Monday to see for herself the carnage caused by frenzied tribesmen in the northeast Indian state where press reports say up to 1.000 people were massacred.

Mrs. Gandhi arrived in Assam as bodies from a week of slaughter were still being collected for bur-

More than 500 Muslim immigrants, mostly women and children, were butchered on Friday alone in the rugged Nowgong district of central Assam. But press reports said as many as 1,000 people were slaughtered by tribesmen using axes, spears, bows and arrows and old rifles.

Extra troops have been sent into the area where hundreds of wounded and homeless are being

was charged Monday with starting

bush fires as fire fighters kept

under control the huge blazes

which killed 71 people in sou-

accused of lighting fires Sunday

night at Frankston about 40 kil-

ometres south of Melbourne, cap-

He was arrested as fire chiefs

looked for evidence that arsonists

started fires last Wednesday which

gutted 3,000 homes in Victoria

and the neighbouring state of

BY CHARLES GOREN

DEAR MR. GOREN

Q.-My partners tell me

that, as responder, I must

show a major suit regardless

of its quality. However, your

cooks state that a biddable

suit should be as good as Q-J-

10-x. Whose advice do I foi-

lov? - R. Simon, Cherry Hill,

(This question has been

awarded the weekly prize.

A .- When it comes to open-

ing the bidding, you should

not bid a major suit unless it

is at least as good as the suit

shown in your question.

However, you might have to

open a minor suit that is con-

siderably weaker than that.

For example, suppose that

♦AKx "Qxxx ♦Jxxx ♦Ax

any system in the world.

However, your major suit is

net biddable, and your minor

is even worse. If you were

playing a weak no trump, that would be the ideal open-

ing bid. But since most peo-

ple require at least 15 to 16

noints to open one no trump,

You have to tell a white lie

somewhere, and the solution

is to lower your suit require-

ment in the minor rather

than the major. Partner

knows that minor-suit games

are unattractive - who wants

to contract for eleven tricks

when nine could be available

in no trump, or ten in a ma-

jor". As a result, he will strain

to find a bid other than a

raise if you öpen one club or

one diamond, especially if he

has only three-card support

The same restriction on a

biddable suit does not hold

true when you are responder.

for your suit.

that also is ruled out.

You have an opening bid in

Mr. Jackel, the second person

arrested on arson charges since area, killing 29 people,

GOREN BRIDGE

The man, John Jackel. 34, was

theran Australia.

ital of Victoria.

South Australia.

Australian charged with

MELBOURNE (R) - A man the blaze, was freed on bail pen-

arson in Victoria state

tended in special relief camps. The killings that left a trail of hacked and headless corpses and 16 blazing villages in the Nowgong district were carried out during a week-long election for a 126-seat

local assembly. The final day of polling was taking place in a few constituencies

The massacre was concentrated around the small township of Nellie, about 70 kilometres east of Assam's capital, Gauhati.

Thousands of people, many dressed in rags, have been made homeless in the carnage and a series of relief camps have been set up for them.

About 200 of the more seriously wounded, many suffering from knife and axe wounds, have been moved to the regional centre

ding a further court hearing on

May 5. A 19-year-old youth has

been remanded in custody by

Adelaide magistrates accused of

setting fire to scrubland near the

pened Monday for the first time

since flames roared through the

Suppose that partner opens

one diamond and you hold:

♦Qx ♡Jxxx ◇AKx ♣Kxxx

If you are going to sup-

press a four-card major suit,

your only good bid is a jump

to two no trump, despite

your shaky spade holding.

Now if opener has the hand

shown above, he will surely

raise to three no trump. You

will have to do some mighty

fancy guessing to make that

You have missed your 4-4

heart fit! Note that four

hearts has far more reasonable play. The op-

ponents might even lead a

trump to cut down your ruff-

ing power, which will make

your contract a cinch if

hearts are 3-2. On any other

lead, you still have several

chances to collect ten tricks.

heart contract is to respond

one heart to partner's one

diamond opening bid, even

though your suit doesn't

quite measure up to the

criteria of a biddable suit.

You have to be flexible in

Q.—In a recent column you

described an opening bid of

four hearts as being preemp-

tive, I thought that only

three-level bids were pre-

emptive. - A. Kelly,

A .- The "Official En-

cyclopedia of Bridge"

describes a preemptive bid

as follows: "An opening bid of

three or more (my emphasis)

with a hand containing a long

suit and limited high-card

strength. The bid is usually

defensive in purpose. The

preemptive bidder hopes

that opponents with strong

hands will find it difficult to

bid accurately when the auc-

tion has started at a high

this game.

Houston, Texas

The only way to reach a

contract.

The fires are now under control

city last Wednesday.

of Nowgong town where special hospitals have been organised.

The villagers were attacked by the tribesmen because they were predominantly Muslim immigrants from neighbouring Banladesh. Militant local Assamese Hindus and the tribals believe immigrants have taken over valuable farm land and jobs.

They want the Bengalispeaking migrants deported and have called for a boycott of the poll in protest against the inclusion of large numbers of the outsiders on electoral rolls.

As Mrs. Gandhi visits the state Monday, the Upper House of India's Parliament was due to hold a special debate on the bloodshed. The lower house will discuss the situation Tuesday.

PTI said Home (Interior) Min-

ister P.C. Sethi, who visited the Nellie area Sunday, would make a statement in Parliament.

Indian opposition parties boycotted the opening of Parliament on Friday to protest against the government's handling of Assam.

Mrs. Gandhi called the elections after talks between the government and Assamese political and student groups on the intractable immigrant issue broke

Medical supplies for the wounded were being flown from Delhi as the army moved into the region to prevent possible reprisals.

The government had previously avoided deploying the army while elections were on and had brought in thousands of para-military police to help with the poll.

Currency offence added to list against Nkomo

HARARE (R) - Zimbabwe opposition leader Joshua Nkomo said Monday the police had told him he might be prosecuted under the country's law and order maicurrency offence.

Mr. Nkomo, who was prevented in the two states, where more than from leaving the country on Sat-300,000 sheep and cattle perished day, told Reuters from his home in pastures made tinder dry by the in Bulawayo that during a twoworst drought in Australia's hishour session at the city's police headquarters Monday he had The primary school in the devmade "two or three" statements astated township of Cockatoo on the outskirts of Melbourne reo-

after being warned and cautioned. Mr. Nkomo said he had been asked to make the statements, relating to notes he had made about the security situation in his home province of Matabeleland, to ass-

ist police inquiries. "It is something to do with bri-nging the police and army into dis-

repute," he said. He said he was also suspected of trying to export 300 Zimbabwe dollars tabout the same in U.S. dollars) illegally.

But he had not been charged with any offence, he said.

Legal sources said statements made after being warned and cau-tioned were the first stage in a police investigation when a suspect was invited to answer allegations. No government comment was immediately available on Monday's events.

Mr. Nkomo has accused government forces, particularly the North Korean-trained Fifth Brigade, of massacres, rape and looting in Matabeleland while on anti-rebel operations.

The 65-year-old leader of the Matabeleland-based ZAPU Party said that when he was detained at Bulawayo airport on Saturday he was carrying notes on the situation which he had made for a recent speech in parliament.

He also had with him a document about the situation in the uneasy province that he said he ntenance laws and for an alleged had intended discussing with the prime minister, he said. He said he had not intended to

take them abroad but that his wife had packed them for him by mis He said the 300 Zimbabwe dol-

lars had been intended for his family while he was away, but he had forgotten about the money.

Zimbabwe's minister of state for security, Mr. Emmerson Munangagwa, told the national news agency ZIANA Sunday that Mr. Nkomo had been detained because he had tried to leave for

South Africa under a false name. Mr. Nkomo has angrily denied this, saying he was only due to pass through Johannesburg on his way to a World Peace Council conference in Czechoslovakia. He insisted his passport and ticket were in his correct name.

"I will leave in a day or two," he declared. "This is my right under the constitution. They can send me to jail if they like.

A World Peace Council spokesman in Prague contacted by telephone from Vienna confirmed that Mr. Nkomo had been due to take part in a meeting of its deputy-chairmen which began there Monday.

Asked if he had heard of Mr. Nkomo's detention at Bulawayo airport last Saturday the spokesman said: "We do not yet have enough details to adopt an attitude to Mr. Nkomo's case though we may issue a statement later.'

Ben Bella: 'I don't trust the French any more'

NEW YORK (R) - Former Algerian President Ahmed Ben Bella was quoted Monday as saying Communism is on the wane in the Third World, with present-day Algeria "a dreadful caricature of what might have been."

Interviewed in Switzerland by Newsweek magazine, Mr. Ben Bella said Algeria and other Islamic countries were wrong to blindly copy examples of Western development.

He added: "At the same time I don't think Communism is on the march anywhere in the Third World. On the contrary, it's on the wane. It doesn't have the answers to Third World problems.

"It has shown itself in an unfavourable light recently. What happened in Poland is a disgrace and the Soviets are bogged down in Afghanistan."

Mr. Ben Bella, overthrown in a military coup in 1965, said more Algerians were returning home today then emigrating. "Today's Algeria is one of despair."

He said there were certain similarities with the Shah's Iran --"the same neglect of agriculture. the same prestige investments that don't contribute to people's wellbeing the same corruption at all levels, including the top." Mr. Ben Bella was held under

house arrest in Algeria for 15 years until he was freed in 1980 and later moved to France. He recently went to Swi-

tzerland, where Newsweek said he was in hiding after French police raided his home near Paris. expelling three of his bodyguards. Mr. Ben Bella repeated earlier statements that the French were

deliberately trying to get him to "A member of the French forcign minister's staff warned me to be more discreet -- as did officials

from the prime minister's office and the interior ministry." he said. I'm in no hurry to return to France. While I have friends in the (ruling) French Socialist Party, I

pessimistic about ties with Moscow

PEKING (R) - Chinese Communist Party leader Hu Yaobang has said it should not be difficult to improve relations between Peking and Moscow despite 20 years of bitter hostility.

The official New China News Agency Sunday night reported that Mr. Lu told Susumu Nikaido. secretary-general of Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party: "It is our sincere wish to resume normal relations with the Soviet Union.

"I don't agree with the view that it is difficult to move the piled-up resentment between China and the Soviet Union."

Japanese sources quoted Mr. Hu as telling Japanese joumalists before his meeting with Mr. Nikaido Sunday that Sino-Soviet talks were expected to resume in Moscow on March 1.

The first round of talks took place in Peking last October, but made little progress. They were the first high-level negotiations between the giant Communist

neighbours since 1969. Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian told Mr. Nikaido that next month's talks would not lead to any dramatic improvement in relations, while Premier Zhao Ziyang said China's attitude to the Soviet Union remained unchanged, based on opposition to hegemonism -- domination of one country over a region.

But diplomatic sources said Mr. Hu's remarks on Sino-Soviet relations appeared more optimistic than other recent comments by Chinese leaders.

China has named three main obstacles to improved relations -the vast Soviet military presence on the Sino-Soviet border and in the buffer state of Mongolia, the presence of Vietnamese troops in Kampuchea and the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

China regards the estimated 180,000 Vietnamese troops in Kampuchea as Soviet surrogates.

The Soviet Union has 700,000 to 800.000 troops on its border with China and in Mongolia, according to Western estimates. Chinese officials have told Western diplomats they regard this as the biggest obstacle to improved relons, although they recognise there has been a lessening of tension in recent years.

Chinese officials are sceptical that the new Soviet leadership under Yuri Andropov will greatly alter policy towards China.

Marcos tries to explain daughter's lovesickness

MANILA (R) — President Fer-dinand Marcos Monday appealed for an end to speculation about his elder daughter's relationship with a divorced basketball coach who she secretly married more than a year ago.

"Just leave her alone," the president said. "She has a problem and which of our children does not have problems?"

Mr. Marcos was asked during an interview about the marriage of Imee, 27, to Tommy Manotoc, who afterwards disappeared for six weeks. When he reappeared he said he had been kidnapped by

Communist guerrillas. Mr. Manotoc has resumed his job as a basketball coach, taking his team to the president's home province last week for an exhibition match in front of Imee's mother Imelda.

The marriage has not been publicly accepted by Imee's parents and there has been wide speculation in the Philippines about their relationship.

"They've fallen in love with each other," Mr. Marcos said. They got married... of course her mother is in a state of frenzy, but that's how mothers are. That's how love is."

Surinam closes its embassy in the Hague

THE HAGUE (R) - Surinam is closing its embassy and consulate in the Netherlands for security reasons, ambassador Henck Hertenberg said.

The move follows a period of strained relations between the Netherlands and Surinam, the former Dutch colony in South America whose military government began a crackdown on the opposition last December.

It was not immediately clear here whether it meant a break in don't trust the French any more." | diplomatic relations.

Australians start heated March 5 elections war

election, suspended last week because of bush fires in which 71 neonle died, resumed Monday with a venom characteristic of the country's politics.

Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser described opposition Labour Party policies as trade uniondominated economic madness which would bankrupt many businesses.

Labour's newly-appointed leader, Bob Hawke, responded by accusing Mr. Fraser of "gross fraud' by selectively leaking documents on Labour Party policies.

Mr. Fraser is facing a tough campaign struggle as his Liberal-National Party coalition lags badly behind Labour in all public opinion polls.

Lahour also scored a resounding state election win at the weekend, taking power in western Australia with an average swing in its favour of eight per cent. Pol-itical analysts said that, if the swing were repeated nationwide in the federal election, Labour would romp home with a majority

of about 40 seats.

Labour needs a nationwide wing of only 1.4 per cent against the conservative government to secure the extra 11 seats it needs to topple Mr. Fraser's parliamentary majority of 21. Mr. Fraser returned to the cam-

SYDNEY (R) — Campaigning paign trail from a four-day tour of for Australia's March 5 general the fire-hit regions of southeastern Australia clearly determined to make up lost ground.

'Blueprint for disaster'

He told a news conference that a proposed Labour Party pact with the trade unions on a prices and incomes policy was a blueprint for disaster.

Labour has said it would seek agreements with unions through arbitration processes on a wide range of economic matters, including wage rises. "This would paralyse dem-

ocratic government and transfer power from parliament to the left-wing trade unionists of this world," Mr. Fraser said. "The wage proposals are economic madness. Small businessmen would be bankrupted and big bus-

iness would be crippled. Mr. Hawke told a trade union conference that Mr. Fraser had misrepresented Labour policy by leaking copies of it to the press without vital pages containing details of the arbitration pro-

"The three pages which were deliberately excluded in this gross fraud indicated the true nature of consensus and consultation planned by my government between unions, employers and state gov emments," he added.

Novosti says W. German policies are on the path towards 'nuclear gallows'

Soviet news agency Novosti Mon-day accused West Germany's ruling conservative parties of fol-lowing their U.S. allies blindly and pushing their country towards the nuclear gallows.'

In a lengthy commentary issued

in Bonn, Novosti said West Germany's position in the world arena meant the outcome of next month's national elections was by no means a dormant question" for Moscow. It made no personal attacks on Christian Democratic (CDU)

Chancellor Helmut Kohl but clenot welcome a victory by his centre-right coalition. "The electoral statements by leaders of the CDU and (its

right-wing sister party) the CSU leave no doubt that this bloc intends to sail blindly in the wake of Washington, which wants to station nuclear first-strike weapons on the territory of the Federal Republic," Novosti said.

"By all appearances, the CDU and CSU consciously want to lead the Federal Republic to the nuclear gallows," it added.

BONN (R) — The semi-official which took power after a parliamentary realignment in October, appeared to have no independent policies.

"The electoral themes of these parties once again are anti-Sovietism, anti-Communism and revanchism." The statement made no direct

reference to Mr. Kohl's Social Democratic (SPD) rival for the chancellorship, Hans-Jochen Vogel. But diplomats said the strongly-worded attack on the

chancellor, in the middle of an election campaign, was almost certain to be interpreted in the West German press as a firm Kremlin endorsement of the SPD can-

After his meeting with Soviet leader Yuri Andropov in Moscow last month, Mr. Vogel was daubed "Andropov's candidate" by one senior CDU official. The title has been taken up by some right-wing newspapers, which argue that Mr. Vogel's defence policy would undermine NATO.

The SPD candidate recently sent a letter to President Reagan asking him to make a new offer to Moscow to limit medium-range It said the present government, nuclear missiles in Europe.

Marcos names incumbent premier as his successor

MANILA (R) - Philippine Pre- others, including the military," he sident Ferdinand Marcos Monday named Prime Minister Cesar Virata as his likely successor, affirming that his wife Imelda would not take the job.

Mr. Marcos said in an interview with reporters that the ruling party, the new society movement. had agreed to support Mr. Virata, 52, who is also finance minister. Under the constitution, when Mr. Marcos leaves office the Philippines will be governed by a 10-member executive committee

including Mrs. Marcos. Mr. Marcos, 65, who was reelected for six years in 1981 after first coming to power in 1965, gave no indication in the interview

headed by the prime minister and

that he planned to resign. "Whoever is prime minister at the time will be supported by the leader but now was not the time.

Mr. Virata was appointed prime

minister after Mrs. Marcos, the minister of human settlements and the nation's most powerful woman, declined the nomination. "If I leave office, the first lady will leave office," Mr. Marcos

said. "But the prime minister may need help if I leave office. She has agreed to help."

He said other cabinet members also wanted to be president. among them Defence Minister

Juan Ponce Enrile and Labour Minister Blas Ople. They would all have a chance at the premiership, which is due to rotate under constitutional cha-

nges made in 1981. Replying to a question, Mr. Marcos said he had no doubt a woman could become the nation's

No violence in Dacca during national ceremony

DACCA (R) — Bangladesh mar- ceremonies began at midnight. ked the anniversary of Ekushey (martyrs day) Monday, only a week after violent clashes between police and student protesters against martial law in which five people were killed.

Tens of thousands of Bangiadeshis filed past the monument and graves of four nationalist students shot by police during a demonstrution in 1952 to support demands that Bengali be recognised as a national language.

The irony was not lost on some of Monday's mourners in Dacca who chanted anti-military slogans and demands for a return to democracy soon after wreath-laying

Bangladesh's military ruler, Gen. Hossain Mohammad Ershad, escorted by heavily armed troops and police, laid the first of thousands of wreaths on the monument.

The emotional anniversary symbolises Bangladeshi nationalism and the birth of the secessionist struggle against the rule of what was then West Pakistan (now Pakistan).

Dacca was calm Monday, with security forces keeping a low profile. There was no evidence of extra security despite's the temporary lifting of a curfew imposed

Alleged Italian spy reveals details

ROME (R) - Italian newspapers have said a 33-year-old microfilm. expert arrested for spying had told investigators of hiding places near Rome where he left documents for collection by Soviet agents. The reports said Azeglio Negrino, of Genoa, had given police full details of his contacts with Soviet agents, including arrangements for using the "dead letter boxes". Negrino was arrested here a week ago with what police described as highly important strategic material. They said he was on the point of handing it over to Soviet airline official Victor Pronin. Mr. Pronin. 46. Aeroflot's deputy commercial director in Rome, is also under arrest facing charges of political and military espionage. He is the first Soviet citizen to be charged with spying in Italy, which has expelled previous Soviet suspects. A police spokesman said the arrests followed a year's investigation by military intelligence.

Search for bodies continues in London

LONDON (R) - Police investigating a series of gruesome murders have filled a dozen bags with evidence-some of it apparently human remains. Officers wore face masks as they probed the walls and floors of a North London house, called the "house of horrors" by the British press since the search began 11 days ago. Victims in the case are believed to have been more than a dozen iobless, homeless young men killed over several years while the house stood vacant excent for vagrants who broke in to find shelter. Until Sunday, the police had concentrated on digging up the garden behind the house and nearby waste land, where they found a number of human bones. But most of the bodies were believed to be inside the house itself, they said.

Britain remands 2 West Germans

LONDON (R) — Two West Germans wanted in connection with bomb attacks on U.S. military installations in Frankfurt were remanded in jail for a week at an extradition bearing Monday. Walther Kexel and Ulrich Tillman, described by West German police as right-wing extremists. were arrested by armed detectives last week in Poole on England's southwest coast. At Monday's three-minute hearing in a Central London court they were sent back to jail until Feb. 28 at police request. Security was tight around the bow street court before the hearing and the two men were handcuffed to detectives in the dock. A woman interpreter explained

Executive forced to fly aircraft

the proceedings to them.

WELLINGTON (R) - A buikling company executive grabbed the controls of a chartered sixseater plane Monday after the pilot slumped unconcious over the controls, Chris Wells, 35, who has some flying experience, kept the twin-engine Italian Partenavia Victor plane in the air for 30 minutes until pilot Michael Young. 25, recovered, Mr. Wells and three other company executives were flying from Rotorua, in New Zealand's North Island, to Wellington for a conference when the pilot blacked out. They arrived late--in a hired car--after the pilot made an emergency landing at Palmerston north 120 kilometres from Wellington, Mrs. Barbara wells told reporters after her husband telephoned her to say he was safe: "He said it was a bit freaky not being able to see where he was

Comedian Kaye in good condition

LOS ANGELES (R) - Comedian Danny Kaye was in good spirits and in stable condition after a quadruple heart bypass operation, a hospital spokeswoman said. "He is awake and alert and there are apparently no complications, the spokeswoman said. Kaye, 70, underwent the four-and-a-half-hour operation Saturday at Cedars Sinai Hospital in Los Angeles, 12 days after he was admitted for tests for an irregular beart rhythm.

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